

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XXVIII

ATLANTA, GA., THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 21, 1896.—TWELVE PAGES.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

THE PALMETTO STATE SOLID

South Carolina for Free Coinage
From the Bottom Up.

SENATOR TILLMAN INDORSED

As the State's Choice for the Presi-
dential Election.

A DEMAND FOR FREE COINAGE

Silver Should Be Restored to Its
Rightful Place.

A CRUSHING DEFEAT IT WAS FOR IRBY

A Large Crowd of Spectators Who Ex-
pected a Lively Bout Between
the Senators.

Columbia, S. C., May 20.—(Special).—Free
silver at 16 to 1 and Senator Tillman were
the favorites here today.

It was difficult to say which had the
fewest enemies in the convention, but
there were not over twenty delegates op-
posed to either. Miniature pitchforks
of white metal, got out by an enterpris-
ing Atlanta house, were in evidence as
badges. Each prong of the fork implied a
gold bug, the three being named Cleveland,
Carlsie and Sherman. At an interesting
passage in the proceedings, a large pitch-
fork was held aloft at the door of the con-
vention.

This has been a day of defeat for Senator
Irby, who for six years has been state
chairman. Today was his last chance to
make a showing of strength, and he failed
to do so. The resolutions against bolting,
which he advocates and Senator Tillman
opposes, failed by a vote nearly unanimous
against them.

In 1890 Irby led the fight for Tillman for
Governor and had great influence. This
year they are opposed, and it is no secret
that Governor Evans is backed by Senator
Tillman for Irby's place.

An immense gathering of spectators
crowded the galleries and floor of the hall,
expecting a sensational bout between the
two senators, but they were disappointed.
The feature of the day was the indorsement
of Tillman for president. It is only within
the last few days that such action was se-
riously contemplated, but the sentiment had
fully ripened today.

In his remarks on this subject Senator
Tillman said he was not losing any sleep
over the matter, but if called on to lead the
fight for the nation he would do so.

The Chicago delegation was instructed to
vote as a unit on all questions, so there
will be no splitting. If the delegates have
any second choice for president, they have
not expressed it.

The Financial Planks.
Whenever Senator Tillman spoke of free
coinage was mentioned, it was the signal
for applause. There were the financial
planks in the platform presented by Sen-
ator Tillman.

"We demand a more economical admin-
istration of our national affairs, and that
taxes shall be levied so as to bear equally on
all sections and all classes. Labor should
be lightly burdened, and by a graduated in-
come tax wealth be made to pay for its
protection."

"We repudiate the construction placed on
the financial plank of the last democratic
national convention by President Cleve-
land and Secretary Carlisle as contrary to
plain meaning of English words, and as be-
ing an act in bad faith, deserving the severest
condemnation."

"The issue of bonds in time of peace
with which to buy gold to redeem coin ob-
ligations payable in silver or gold, at the
option of the government, and the use of
proceeds to defray the ordinary expenses of
the government, are both unlawful and
usurp actions of authority, deserving im-
peachment."

"A sound and just system of finance is
the most potent factor in a nation's pros-
perity, and we demand the restoration of
the money of the constitution by giving sil-
ver the same rights as do privileges now given
to gold."

"We demand the free and unlimited coin-
age of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1, regardless
of the action of any and all other nations,
and that such coinage shall be a legal tender
for all debts, public and private."

"Congress alone has the power to coin
and issue money, and President Jackson de-
clared that this power could not be delegat-
ed to a corporation; therefore, we demand
the national banking system be abolished."

"The absorption of wealth by a few, the
consolidation of our leading railroad sys-
tems and the formation of trust and pools
require a stricter control by the federal gov-
ernment of those arteries of commerce."

"We demand the enlargement of the
powers of the interstate commerce commis-
sion."

The Delegates.

The following delegates from the several
congressional districts have been agreed on
so far:

First—Mr. R. Cooper, of Colleton.
Second—Mr. B. McSweeney, B. L. Cough-
lan, J. H. McCall.
Third—J. H. McCall.
Fourth—J. D. M. Shaw, J. J. Walling.
Fifth—T. H. Williams.
Sixth—W. D. Evans, A. H. Williams.
Seventh—Dr. O. R. Lowman, of Orange-
burg.
Cuba resolutions, calling on President

Cleveland to carry out the action of con-
gress, were adopted unanimously.
The Tillman presidency resolution was
adopted by a rising vote.
At 2 a. m. the convention took a recess
till September 1st.

GRANITE STATE DEMOCRATS.
President-Elect Bingham Addresses
the Convention.

Concord, N. H., May 20.—The democratic
state convention was called to order in
Phoenix hall at 12:25 o'clock by John
Amey, of Lancaster, chairman of the state
central committee.
There was a good attendance of delegates
while the gallery contained the usual num-
ber of spectators. The list of officers and
committees selected at the preliminary
meeting last evening was adopted as the
permanent organization of the convention.
Hon. Harry Bingham, of Littleton, the
president-elect, was introduced by Mr.
Amey, and was warmly received, being
given three hearty cheers.

Mr. Bingham's remarks were frequently
interrupted by demonstrations of applause
and when he closed there was great ap-
plause.

The following are the resolutions, pre-
amble omitted:

"We declare, first, that under present
conditions there can be but one standard
of value and that every kind of currency
should rest upon a gold basis so long as
gold is the standard recognized by the
great commercial nations of the world;
and we heartily commend the action of
President Cleveland and in so firmly main-
taining our public credit and faith in the
face of formidable opposition."

"That we favor a system of tariff taxa-
tion so adjusted as to produce the nec-
essary revenues to meet the present ex-
penses of an honest government with the
least possible burden upon the people and
afford such incidental protection as will
meet the requirements of American capital
and labor."

"That the Monroe doctrine embodies
our idea of national self-defense and
should be vigorously maintained."

"That the civil and religious rights of
all our people as guaranteed them under
the constitution should be sedulously
guarded and that no proscriptions on ac-
count of religious opinions should be coun-
tenanced or tolerated."

"That the following were chosen delegates at
large: Frank Jones, Alvah W. Sulloway,
Irving A. Drew, Charles A. Sinclair.
The convention then adjourned."

SOUTH DAKOTA FOR GOLD.

But the Single Standard Men Had a
Close Shave.

Aberdeen, S. D., May 20.—(Special).—South
Dakota declared for the gold standard to-
day. The opening gun for the silver and
the gold forces was fired in the meet-
ing of the state central committee at 10
o'clock a. m. today, upon the election of
the temporary chairman of the convention.
W. A. Lynch, of Huron, was presented by
the silver men, S. Ramsey, of Wood-
stock, by the opposition. Ramsey won by
a majority of 1.

Resolutions were adopted indorsing the
administration and declaring for the pre-
sent standard.

How It Stands to Date.

	For free coinage.	For gold standard.
Alabama.....	2	28
Colorado.....	3	27
Michigan.....	2	28
Massachusetts.....	2	28
Mississippi.....	15	15
Nebraska.....	16	20
New Jersey.....	1	29
New York.....	8	41
Rhode Island.....	1	8
South Carolina.....	13	8
Tennessee.....	24	4
Washington.....	4	12
District of Columbia.....	1	1
Total.....	184	170

BEG TO BE EXCUSED.

Single Standard Orators Know Their
Talk Is Useless in Kentucky.

Frankfort, Ky., May 20.—(Special).—
Lindsay has followed the example set by
Secretary Carlisle and refuses to come to
Kentucky and champion the cause of
"sound money" on the stump.

The Lexingtonians were thrown into
convulsions by the enthusiasm caused
by the speeches of Governor Stone, of Mis-
souri, and in order to counteract its effect
wired Senator Lindsay an appeal to come
to Lexington on Saturday and make a
speech. The senator promptly wired back
his excuses.

Senator Blackburn sent word to the free
coinage leaders today that he would be in
Kentucky next week to look after the free
coinage fight. He will not make any
speeches at present, as none of the gold
bugs have come on the stump yet. The
goldbug democrats, however, have at last
found a "sound money" democrat who has
sufficient courage to appear on the stump.

Hon. Josiah Patterson, of Memphis, has
agreed to come to Kentucky and go on the
stump. When Blackburn begins making
his speeches, he will challenge Carlisle,
McCrary and Lindsay to meet him in a
local debate, but there is not a man in
Kentucky who believes the challenge will
be accepted. The goldbugs are making a
silly hunt. They are afraid of arousing the
farmers.

SENATOR BLACKBURN'S FOE.

President Cleveland Nominates Him
for Postmaster.

Washington, May 20.—On the 23d of last
January the president sent to the senate
the name of T. J. Glenn to be postmaster
at Carlisle, Ky., vice Homer B. Bryson,
whose commission expired January 21,
1896.

The senate committee on postoffices and
post roads at its last meeting reported to
the senate the nomination of Mr. Glenn
as postmaster at Carlisle, Ky.

Mr. Glenn was one of the Kentuckians
who was most active in his antagonism
to the candidacy of Senator Blackburn
for re-election to the senate. Senator
Blackburn will actively oppose Mr.
Glenn's nomination and it is believed
all the silver senators will stand by him.

A NORTH CAROLINA MIXTURE.

Bolting Populists Will Fuse with the
Republicans.

Raleigh, N. C., May 20.—(Special).—It
is stated that the populist bolters, who are
affiliating with the republicans, will fill
up two of the gaps that the republicans
last week left in the state ticket by
nominating Ambrose Hilleman for lieuten-
ant governor and James M. McWhorter
for secretary of state.

Senator Butler is the populist state
committee chairman and in his paper
today he utterly repudiates these bolters.
The paper intimates that the populist
will not support Russell for governor.

More McKinley Votes.

New Orleans, La., May 20.—The repub-
lican convention of the sixth Louisiana dis-
trict met today at Baton Rouge. One hun-
dred and sixteen delegates were present.
T. B. Brooks and W. W. Johnson were
elected delegates to St. Louis and In-
depend, the manager of the McKinley
force in this state, was at the convention
and the instructions are the result of his
work.

IOWA DEMANDS SILVER'S RIGHTS

Adopts a Platform That Cannot
Be Misunderstood.

MONEY OF THE CONSTITUTION

Is What the People of the Hawkeye
State Demand.

BOIES IS THEIR FAVORITE

For the Nomination by the Chicago
Convention.

THE SPEECH OF CHAIRMAN CARR

The Convention at Dubuque Was Com-
posed of True Men of the State and
They Dispatched Business.

Dubuque, Ia., May 20.—(Special).—The
boys from the wheat fields of Iowa ac-
quitted themselves gloriously today.

They have presented the name of Horace
Boies, that sterling democrat, to the people
of the United States as a man worthy of
the presidency of the United States.

They have placed him upon an unequivocal
platform of the free coinage of silver at
the ratio of 16 to 1.

The gold contingent were making much
of a proviso suggesting that congress might
change the ratio—declaring it to be a sign
of weakness for they are in that condition
now which catches at any straw for relief.

What Governor Boies Says.

"That proviso, even if made," said ex-
Governor Boies tonight, "simply means
the restoration of the constitution of 1872.
It is charged by all the gold monometal-
lists that the silver dollar is a 50-cent dol-
lar. After robbing silver of its coinage
value as money of final redemption, they
claim the credit of their crime. Let silver
stand where it did in 1873, with the benefit
which free coinage gave, and if upon that
equal basis the law is made, and the silver
of the hard of unfriendly legislation,
should call for a change, the congress of
the people should be equal to the task
of doing right. In the meantime we want
the matted hand of Wall street taken off
of silver, and let it have an equal chance."

Asked as to what he thought of the fu-
ture, Governor Boies stated:

"I have every confidence in the ability
of the people to gain and maintain their
rights. The fight for free silver comes up
from the common people, wherever you
find them. The effort to establish the
gold standard comes from abroad. The
democrats of the great northwest, and
their greetings to their brethren of the
south and call upon them to stand firm
for the people as against the privileged
classes."

A Representative Gathering.

The convention which assembled here
was thoroughly representative of the peo-
ple who make the state. The Marshall-
town convention of one year ago, which
adopted a gold resolution, was run by
federal officials and their associates, but
this time the men from the wheat fields,
from the shops and from mines came out
and swept aside the emissaries of Wall
street with a vim which took their breath
away.

The state committee which held over
from last year was a golden body and
created the first disturbance by naming
as temporary chairman of the body Hon.
S. S. Wright, a goldbug, who had pre-
pared a stereotyped speech about the
advantages of so-called "sound money."

There was a strong disposition on the part
of the delegates to defeat him by naming,
from the floor, Hon. E. L. Carr, but in
view of the fact that it might be cause for
a bolt, they desisted until Wright could
make a speech.

Colonel Carr's Speech.

It was with considerable irritation,
therefore, that the convention listened to
a speech prepared in Washington, but the
boys had their inning upon the election
of Hon. E. M. Carr as permanent chair-
man, who spoke out brave words for the
free coinage of silver. His closing refer-
ences to Governor Boies—who sat in the
convention as chairman of the Blackhawk
delegation—as the man embodying the
principles of true democracy, shook the
roof of the Grand opera house, as it was
never shaken before.

It was plain that Iowa lungs were as an-
imated as the coinage they called for.

It was the work of the platform com-
mittee, however, that brought the culmina-
tion of enthusiasm. All the trimmings
which it was anticipated would be in it,
was lacking, and it spoke out boldly and
without reserve. When it is stated that it
was carefully written by Governor Boies
himself, it can be seen that he knows how
to make himself heard.

Iowa's Platform.

The platform, as follows, was read by
Hon. W. L. Reed, of Des Moines, chair-
man of the committee:

"The democracy of Iowa, in convention
assembled, hereby reaffirms its allegiance
to the time-honored democratic doctrine of
bimetallism, to the use of both gold and
silver as primary money and the coinage
of both at a ratio, without charge or limit."

"We hold to the use of both gold and
silver as the standard money of the coun-
try and to the coinage of both, gold and
silver without discriminating against either
metal or charge for mintage."

"In the judgment of this convention the
explicit pledge of the national democratic
party, if fairly and honorably kept, requires
the constant effort of every loyal democrat
to accomplish the repeal of laws, hereto-
fore enacted through the instrumentality of
the republican party which do in letter and
spirit alike discriminate against silver and
in favor of gold, and the substitution there-
of of affirmative legislation which shall
upon some terms or other restore silver to
equal rights with gold in the mints and
coinage of the country."

"Second, We hereby affirm as a delibera-
tion of this convention, that the act of 1873,
insofar as it demonetized silver and estab-
lished gold as the single unit of value, is a
flagrant violation of one of the most im-
portant provisions of the constitution of
the United States, a violation which every
political party ought to condemn and every
good citizen should assist in expunging
from the statutes of the republic. We, there-
fore, favor the immediate repeal of all laws
by which silver was demonetized, and demand
its unqualified restoration to the rights of
free and unlimited coinage in the mints of
the nation as money of final redemption
at the old ratio of 16 to 1."

"Third, We recognize the fact that upon
this question the country has reached a crisis
that can no longer be evaded or postponed.
We know that the result of the conflict
must be a return to the money of the con-
stitution, or to the substitution therefor for
all time to come, of a standard of values
born of British aristocratic greed, and in
behalf of the tolling millions of this re-
public we welcome the conflict and pledge
the democratic party of Iowa to stand by
the constitution; to defend the right; to beat
back with all its strength every aggression
of the money power of the old and new
world alike, and to aid, to the utmost limit
of its ability, in restoring to ourselves and
our posterity the sacred heritage of the finan-
cial system bequeathed to the American people
by the fathers of the republic and which was
equally fair and just to all citizens and
in this effort we cordially invite the co-
operation of all good citizens without re-
ference to political affiliations in the past."

"Fourth, we enter our most earnest
protest against all schemes for the re-
tirement of our non-interest-bearing na-
tional currency, and we demand that for
\$500,000,000 of interest-bearing bonds to
become an additional burden upon the pro-
ducing classes, that national banks may
be supplied with interest-bearing capital on
which to transact their individual business;
and we also protest against the further in-
crease and sale of government bonds, and
the appointment of a cabinet officer to
hereafter redeem the same with the coin of
either metal it may possess, in strict ac-
cordance with both the spirit and the letter
of the law."

"We denounce as a transparent fallacy
the claim that labor can be benefited by
the maintenance of single gold standard as
the basis of our financial system. The ex-
perience of all ages, and of every country
alike, clearly demonstrates that a con-
tracted currency invariably compels a con-
traction of business; the lessening of in-
dustrial enterprises; the enforced idleness
of great numbers of the working classes
and nothing of which the human mind
can conceive is more clearly self-evident
than the naked truth that the wages of
labor must always be adjusted to and
correspond with the prices of products in
the markets in which they are sold."

"We earnestly desire to promote the best
interests of the laboring classes, we favor
the appointment of a cabinet officer to be
known as the secretary of labor, whose
duty it shall be in all cases of tariff-
protected industries to investigate, as-
certain and report to congress what share
in any of the enhanced price for which
protected products are sold in the markets
of this country, is paid by employers in
these industries to their employees, and to
be clothed with further power, in all cases
where public interests are involved or the
public peace is endangered, to inquire into
the merits of the controversies between em-
ployers and employees, and recommend the
adjustment thereof upon such terms as to
him, or arbitrators appointed by him, shall
seem just and in case of the failure of
either party to abide by the recommenda-
tion made, to report the facts to congress,
a stipendiary, as the case may re-
quire, with recommendations for additional
legislation, if such in his judgment be nec-
essary, and in the discharge of his several
duties to be clothed with further power
to compel the giving of testimony under
oath by parties interested or otherwise,
and the production of all books and papers
which, in his opinion, are necessary to a
full and impartial determination of the
matters committed to his care."

Two minority reports were presented
which were voted down by a vote of 6174
nays to 2162 yeas, and then by a reversed
vote Iowa was placed in the roll of silver
states.

When in the call of the roll Blackhawk
county was reached, and the vote was de-
clared by Governor Boies, its chairman,
there was a scene of wild enthusiasm. Lat-
er on he was introduced to the convention
as the choice for the presidency and
spoke a few words of grateful appreciation.
Hon. Charles A. Walsh, who has done
some work for free coinage, was in a happy
mood after the convention adjourned.
He was elected national committeeman to
succeed Mr. Richardson, who was believed
to be abusing his trust in the interest of
the enemies of the democrats of Iowa.

"It is a mistake," Mr. Walsh, "to
suppose that the people of the northwest
are anything else than democrats when it
comes down to first principles. By the ma-
nipulation of politicians they have been
turned off on side issues which are foreign
to their nature. They have broken away
from the leading strings, and now they
demand the democratic national convention
will adopt a platform having in view the in-
terests of the people, instead of the merely
local interests of a few north Atlantic cities,
they will find Iowa, Wisconsin, Illinois and
other states in the democratic column."

"The venerable Alabamian as is well known
here as in his own state and the day
was the cheer for Morgan, of Alabama,
for the vice presidency on the ticket with
Boies. All around the streets could be
heard the cry of 'Hurrah for Boies and
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Morgan!'"

The venerable Alabamian as is well known
here as in

THE GRAVE HAS NOT BEEN DUG

And the Remains of Miss Greer Are Still in the Receiving Vault.

MR. JONES IS INDIGNANT

And Says He Will Compel the Westview Company To Dig the Grave.

THE CASE WILL BE SETTLED IN THE COURTS

In the Meantime the Westview Company Refuses To Open the Grave Unless a Payment Is Made.

The remains of Miss Greer have not been interred and are still in the receiving vault of the Westview Cemetery company, where they were placed last Thursday morning.

On next Saturday morning Attorney Key, who has been retained by the family of the dead woman, will appear before Judge Lumpkin and insist that the Westview Cemetery company be compelled by writ of mandamus to open a grave on the lot owned by Mr. George P. Jones and bury the remains.

Mr. Jones, who is the uncle of Miss Greer, is very indignant at the action of the cemetery officials, and says he will prosecute the company for its refusal to allow him the right of burying his dead.

"I knew nothing whatever about the refusal to open a grave until about one hour before the funeral," said Mr. Jones yesterday, "and then it was too late to attend to any business matters."

"I was on my way to the house; the carriages and hearse were ready; the minister was in the room, and all of my friends had congregated, when I received the message that Mr. McBurney desired to see me. I was also informed for the first time that the grave would not be opened until a payment on the lot was made."

"Just imagine my situation," said Mr. Jones. "There was the dead body of my aunt in the parlor and the funeral was due to begin in a few minutes. I had received the startling information that I would have to pay before the grave would be opened."

"And at the very time this message was sent me, it was well known in the office of the Westview Cemetery company that I had been unfortunate in business, but had a prospect to arrange the matter within a few weeks."

Miss Greer died last Tuesday night, of last week, and the funeral was arranged for Thursday morning.

"I placed the whole arrangement in the hands of Undertaker Patterson," said Mr. Jones yesterday, "and as I had lost several nights' sleep, I paid no further attention to the matter, but went to my room and slept until about noon Wednesday."

"At that hour I went down to Mr. Patterson's and selected a casket and paid Mr. Miller the fee required for the opening of the grave. After this was done, I dismissed the details of the funeral from my mind, and spent the remainder of the day at my house."

"Early Thursday morning I rode out to the cemetery, arriving at about 7 o'clock. I met Mr. Walter, the sexton, who asked me if the grave on my lot had been finished. He looked over his books and replied that he had received no orders from the cemetery office for the day."

"I then went down to the lot, and showed him just where the grave was to be dug, and he told me to see Mr. Patterson, as a mistake in lots had undoubtedly been made. Mr. Patterson was not in the office when I reached the city, and I started back to my house."

"Before I reached my house I was stopped by Mr. Miller, of the office of Mr. Patterson, who told me that the funeral would have to be postponed. He then explained to me that Mr. McBurney would not open the grave until a payment was made on the lot."

Mr. Jones had no money.

Mr. Jones said yesterday that he had no money with him at the time and thought it strange that he should be made a proposition to pay when the funeral was to occur within a few minutes.

"I was, of course, greatly surprised, but I saw no way in which the funeral could be postponed, and told Mr. Miller that I would have to proceed, as Miss Greer died Tuesday night, and I was bound to bury her. I did not agree to any postponement."

"The funeral was conducted at the house, and the proceeds of the cemetery were arriving at the cemetery, we saw no grave forced to place the remains in the receiving vault, and the fee was paid by the undertaker."

"The body is still lying in the vault and will remain there until the court acts on the question. This is all I can do, as I cannot dig the grave myself. This right is reserved by the Westview Cemetery company, and the company would arrest me if I trespassed, and yet they will not allow me to bury the body here, leaving me in a balance on the lot."

"I have been in undisturbed possession of the property, have not been served with a notice to vacate, neither has it been ejected. I haven't the slightest idea but that the company will be compelled to inter the body by an order of the court, and I have nothing to do in the meantime but wait."

Another Version of the Matter.

Mr. Ed McBurney, secretary of the Westview Company, was seen yesterday, and he stated in substance the conversation in regard to the matter a few days ago.

"Mr. Jones had not paid for the lot, which he purchased nearly six years ago," said Mr. McBurney. "We have waited on him, extended his time along, until it did seem that he was not going to pay."

"In the contract which bears the signature of Mr. Jones, the right is reserved by the company to enter the lot in default of payment and disinter the bodies and apart for such cases."

"The undertaker was informed in ample time to have made it possible to have arranged the matter, and we asked that Mr. Jones enter the lot in default of payment and disinter the bodies and apart for such cases."

"That is the whole question in a nut shell, and there is nothing more in it."

FOR SHOP GIRLS.

A Movement on Foot Looking to the Correction of Many Evils.

SEATS TO BE PROVIDED

And the Regulation Forbidding Girl Clerks To Sit Down During Working Hours To Be Abolished.

The work that has recently been done in behalf of the clerks of Atlanta is gaining for them early closing hours at laborers, who work long hours with many inconveniences.

A movement is now on foot to get the dry goods merchants to provide seats for the girl clerks and to abolish the laws now in force in many establishments forbidding them to sit down during working hours. It seems that in many Atlanta stores the shop girls are compelled to sit down during working hours. As these girls work from ten to fourteen hours a day, with but a few minutes intermission for lunch in the middle of the day, it will be seen that they are required to be on their feet almost the whole day, whether they are waiting on customers or not.

In many of the large cities of the north such regulations used to be in force, but several years ago a movement was inaugurated and a law was passed compelling employers to provide seats for the shop girls and making it contrary to law to pass any regulations forbidding them to sit down when not engaged in selling goods. This law has been given effect in the great dry goods establishments and many a suffering woman was greatly benefited and given a new lease on life.

The gentlemen who have recently taken up and carried to a successful issue the plan of having the clothing and haberdashery stores of Atlanta given the same treatment in the afternoon during the summer, and having the wholesale establishments and the railroad offices closed on Saturdays at 2 o'clock, are now working to get some relief for the shop girls. The following card from one of the gentlemen who has taken an active interest in the work and who is now working to get some relief for the shop girls explains itself. It is as follows:

"Editor:—In my going around in the large dry goods houses, particularly on Monday, when the great number of saleswomen are on duty, I have noticed that when dinner time comes they are treated to a long lunch, given them to swallow in a great hurry. On weekdays they are kept on their feet until 7 o'clock, and sometimes later, for which they do not get a cent extra pay, but when they come on in the morning a few minutes late they are deducted so much for every minute, which is ten times the amount in proportion to the time. The average salary is about \$3 to \$3.50 per week, and they have to make up for the loss of their sleep by working so many hours as men do who receive from \$40 to \$75 per month. I have learned that the great mass of the population, who are not of continuous standing and some have contracted other ailments due to their work."

"The southern chivalry among men toward southern ladies is certainly shown in this instance, and the law passed by the New York legislature some time ago, compelling the owners of large dry goods houses to furnish stools for them, should be exercised here in Atlanta, and the girls should be given a few minutes late they are deducted so much for every minute, which is ten times the amount in proportion to the time. The average salary is about \$3 to \$3.50 per week, and they have to make up for the loss of their sleep by working so many hours as men do who receive from \$40 to \$75 per month. I have learned that the great mass of the population, who are not of continuous standing and some have contracted other ailments due to their work."

Although the movement has been initiated for the past two days, the results have so far been excellent. The probability is that the bill, if passed, will be almost universally adopted in Atlanta and that many hardships which have heretofore been borne by the girls will be done away with. Many girls will be freed from the enforced regulations which have been so oppressive to them, and the movement to get better regulations for the shop girls is meeting with much favor and will doubtless result in great relief."

THE VISITING BOARD.

The Governor Names the Men Who Will Examine the University.

The governor on yesterday appointed the following gentlemen to serve on the board of visitors to the State university this year: Messrs. R. J. Fulton, of Fulton; W. E. Witherspoon, of Muscogee; W. A. Davis, of Chatham; J. C. Blasingame, of Butts; and J. S. Stewart, of Bibb.

The resignation of Mr. J. K. Ohi, as a member of the board of directors of the Georgia Normal and Industrial college, was accepted by the governor yesterday. Miss M. L. Huntley, of Atlanta, was appointed to succeed Mr. Ohi.

COLONEL HALL NAMED.

The Governor Appoints the Successor to Mr. Peeples.

Governor Atkinson yesterday appointed Mr. J. L. Hall, of Colquitt county, to succeed Mr. Peeples as solicitor of the southern judicial circuit.

Mr. Hall formerly represented Colquitt county in the legislature, in which body he served with the governor. He was also in college with Governor Atkinson. The governor is well acquainted with his qualifications to fill the office, and has confidence in his personal knowledge of his ability as a lawyer.

SHE SUES FOR \$25,000.

Big Damage Suit on Trial in the United States Court.

Judge Newman, of the United States court, is now engaged in the trial of the case of Mrs. R. A. Derby against the Southern Railway Company.

Mr. Derby was run over and killed by a Southern railway train at Cornelia and his estate is suing the railway for \$25,000 damages. He was represented by Glenn & Rountree, and the road by Dorsey, Brewster & Howell. The jury is expected to begin the introduction of further testimony.

TO SPEAK AT DECATUR.

Hon. Charles I. Brannan Makes an Address Tonight.

Decatur, Ga., May 20.—(Special).—Hon. Charles I. Brannan will address the Young Men's Democratic League of Decatur tonight.

The meeting is to be held in the courthouse at 8 o'clock p. m. Besides Mr. Brannan, the following gentlemen are expected to be present: Messrs. J. H. Goss, who will make short talks, as will Colonel W. M. Morrison and C. E. Ackerman.

This league has but recently been organized and from the rapid increase in its membership it will soon become a power in Decatur politically.

REGISTERED IN A RUSH.

Tax Collector Stewart Had a Busy Day with the Voters Yesterday.

High water mark was reached yesterday in the office of Tax Collector Stewart as the voters were entered upon the registration lists.

It was the busiest day of the season and a crowd of voters swarmed about the office all day.

"This has been one of my busiest days," said Collector Stewart, "and the voters of the county are fast falling into line. The sum total will be footed up in a few days and alphabetically arranged. I don't know what the entire number is just now, but it has been rapidly increasing for the past few days."

The rush which began Saturday is still on and indications are that from now on the office will be a busy one. The registration will daily increase.

THE SESSION CLOSES.

Commencement Exercises at the Southern Military Academy Tomorrow.

The closing exercises of the Southern Military academy will occur tomorrow in the chapel of the college at College Park. A special train will leave the city at 8:30 o'clock in the morning and visitors and patrons of the school can return at 1:45 o'clock in the afternoon.

After the exercises in the chapel the cadets of the college will give a prize drill on the campus.

Negroes in Separate Coaches.

From The Baltimore Sun.

The superior court of the United States has affirmed the constitutionality of the Louisiana statute providing separate coaches for white and colored passengers on the railroads in that state. The necessity for such a law exists only in the south, and the statute would never have been enacted but for conditions which made the separation of the races in railroad travel apparently unavoidable in order to secure the comfort of all concerned. The railroads are required to supply colored passengers with accommodations substantially equal to those with which the whites are furnished, and there is thus no unfair discrimination. The matter of separate coaches has been agitated for several years in the southern states, and it has been feared that a law like this would be enacted. The effect was declared the Louisiana statute constitutional. It is probable that the legislatures of other southern states will enact similar laws.

Colonel Kellogg Better.

Colonel William L. Kellogg, of the United States army, who is now stationed at Fort McPherson, and who has been ill for several weeks, is gradually getting better. The news of Colonel Kellogg's improvement will be red with pleasure by his many friends in the city.

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GREATER NEW YORK.

New York Sun. Governor Morton's signature to the bill creating the greater New York completes a piece of legislation which has been under consideration since the late fall of 1894.

The bill, which has been passed by the legislature, and which has been signed by Governor Morton, will create a new city of Greater New York, which will include the city of New York, the county of New York, and the city of Yonkers.

The bill will also create a new county of Westchester, which will include the city of Yonkers, the town of Yonkers, and the village of Yonkers.

The bill will also create a new county of Dutchess, which will include the city of Poughkeepsie, the town of Poughkeepsie, and the village of Poughkeepsie.

The bill will also create a new county of Ulster, which will include the city of Kingston, the town of Kingston, and the village of Kingston.

The bill will also create a new county of Sullivan, which will include the city of Binghamton, the town of Binghamton, and the village of Binghamton.

The bill will also create a new county of Warren, which will include the city of Warren, the town of Warren, and the village of Warren.

The bill will also create a new county of Hamilton, which will include the city of Albany, the town of Albany, and the village of Albany.

The bill will also create a new county of Rensselaer, which will include the city of Troy, the town of Troy, and the village of Troy.

The bill will also create a new county of Schoharie, which will include the city of Schoharie, the town of Schoharie, and the village of Schoharie.

The bill will also create a new county of Otsego, which will include the city of Otsego, the town of Otsego, and the village of Otsego.

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MARR PHILLIPS
SKIPPED AWAYOver Manager Knowles' Protest He
Left the Team.

A NEW SHORTSTOP SECURED

Atlanta Opens in Columbus This Afternoon.

THERE WILL BE NEW MEN IN THE GAME

Manager Knowles Has Signed Mike
Shea for Short-Scout, the
Pitcher, with Atlanta.

Clubs.	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Montgomery	28	20	8	.714
New Orleans	27	18	9	.667
Atlanta	27	17	10	.629
Birmingham	27	13	14	.481
Columbus	28	9	19	.310

National League Standing.

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Cincinnati	18	9	.667
Cleveland	16	8	.667
Pittsburgh	14	10	.583
Baltimore	15	11	.577
Philadelphia	14	12	.538
Chicago	15	13	.538
Washington	13	13	.500
Brooklyn	12	14	.462
New York	9	17	.346
St. Louis	12	18	.400
Louisville	12	18	.400

The Atlanta fell down before the New
Orleans team yesterday and sustained an
ignominious defeat.Walker was in the box for Atlanta and
suffered severely at the hands of Powell,
York, Dowie and their associates. In all
eighteen hits were made off him and these,
aided by eight errors by his support, netted
New Orleans eighteen runs.Cross was at short yesterday and played
anything but a good game. Of the nine
chances offered him he accepted only six
and went into the error column for the
other three. Both Callahan and Van Dyke
had an off day and both appear to have
taken kindly to it. Van Dyke secured two
errors out of five chances, while Callahan
got the same number of errors out of seven
chances.Marr Phillips has deserted the team and
gone off to handle one where he can make
all the errors he wants to make.Manager Knowles signed Mike Shea dur-
ing the day and he will be in the game in
Columbus today. She has with Montgomery
in 187 and played in New Orleans, too.
He covered second base and pitched. As a
pitcher he has good speed and will keep
fairly successful. As an infielder he was
good, quick and strong, and was recognized
as one of the surest and best sticklers in
the game. She will be four at short in
the game this afternoon at Columbus.Manager Knowles' new pitcher, the long,
six-footer from the Buckeye State, who
uses his south paw, will be in Columbus,
too, and will pitch one of the games.The team left New Orleans last night at
7 o'clock and will work in Columbus the
rest of the week. Manager Knowles will
be home for two weeks and
along with him will come the Columbus
team.The National League race shows a neck
and neck race this morning between Cin-
cinnati and Cleveland for first place, with
Boston a close chaser.Campbell, Atlanta's old pitcher, who now
wears a New York uniform, is badly
worn and then at the hands of the big
league sticklers. He yields a home run
even, occasionally, but unless Campbell
has gone back a good jump he will keep
some of them guessing as soon as he be-
comes accustomed to the company in
which he is trotting. There is something
in Campbell and this may be his time to
show it.Rhines, of Cincinnati, for the second
time this season has succeeded in letting
down opposing teams with his bat. He
has a fast pace Rhines has set for the box-
men of the league; so fast, indeed, that
he will be in luck to repeat it soon, if at
all.Von der Ahe, that St. Louis man, has
broken Arty Latham's heart. The once
great first baseman, the once idol of the
St. Louis fans, who once gave him a
conditional release and is now out on
the grass. Latham was a great ball
player, a great coach and many are the
hearts side-splitting laughs he has
provoked. It is not likely that Latham
will be idle long.

WALKER BATTED AT WILL.

Eighteen Hits He Yielded and Eighteen
Runs Were Made.New Orleans, La., May 20.—(Special.)—
The weather was lay, but a very small
crowd of fans who always turn out rain
or shine.The Pelicans won the game in a walk
and Knowles' men only succeeded in
crossing the rubber three times.The team in its crippled condition started
off well, but after the first inning the
work was very poor. Taking this to-
gether with Walker's wildness and the
fact that New Orleans batted the ball there
was no show at any stage of the game for
the boys from the Gate City to win and
the Pelicans managed to take the last
game of the series with ease.Atlanta scored in the first inning on hits
by Knowles, Callahan and Norton, but
were unable to get around the bases again
until the seventh, when a hit by Walker,
aided by the shortstop and Norton's
hit to left field netted another run.In Columbus Manager Knowles will
have his new men and the team will be
strengthened very much.Schriest, the New Orleans twirler, was
released by Powell and Manager Knowles
will play him today for Hamilton,
Canada, where he will captain a
team of colts. Manager Knowles refused
to release him, and he will not
play until he makes a satisfactory settle-
ment with the club. Knowles signed
shortstop by the name of Shea, who will
play his first game in Columbus. He is a
large, stout fellow and is said to be a
heavy man with the stick.Norton is still suffering with a sore ear
and may be obliged to leave the team at
Columbus.

The score was:

	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Houseman	5	3	3	2	0	0
Powell, Jr.	5	3	2	0	0	0
Houston	5	2	1	0	0	1
Knox	5	2	1	0	0	1
Bowman	5	1	1	0	0	0
York	5	1	1	0	0	0
Walker	5	1	1	0	0	0
Gonding	5	2	2	0	0	1
McGinnis	5	4	3	0	0	0

Totals..... 47 18 27 17 1

New Orleans..... 24 15 0 10 1 4-18

Atlanta..... 20 0 0 0 1 0 0-3

Summary: Earned runs, New Orleans 8,
Atlanta 2; two-base hits, Houseman, Cal-
lahan, three-base hits, Powell, home
runs, Houston, stolen bases, Powell 3;
double plays, Cross, Cross to Knowles to
Fields; bases on balls, by Walker 6; hit
by pitcher, by Walker struck out,
McGinnis 3, by Walker 2; passed balls,
Gonding 1, Fields 2; Time 1:45. Umpire,
J. P. Koeke.

GORMAN KEEPS ON KICKING.

In Columbus He Both Kicked and Won
Yesterday.Columbus, Ga., May 20.—Five hundred
people saw Montgomery win the last of
the series here this afternoon. Daniels was
unusually wild, while "King" Bailey was
freely. Columbus played much better
than did the visitors and there is sim-
ply another hard luck story. Gorman dis-
tinguished himself by his disposition to
kick against the umpire's decisions and
had it not been for Clark's firmness the
manager of the Montgomery aggregation
would have doubled his side's score.

The score was:

	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Columbus	5	5	1	0	4	0
Broderick	5	1	0	4	0	0
McFadden	5	0	1	1	0	0
Podreese	5	0	0	0	0	0
Hall	5	0	1	1	0	0
Wright	5	0	1	2	0	0
Gray	5	0	0	1	0	0
Daniels	5	0	0	1	0	0

Totals..... 39 2 7 13 12 0

Montgomery..... 24 15 0 10 1 4-18

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DRINK
ROYAL
PALE



When you ask for ROYAL PALE BEER, be sure you get it. Do not accept any other because someone says it is just as good. Kept on draught by all our customers. We bottle it for family and hotel use.

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THE IDEAL SUMMER TONIC

If you are out o' sorts cast away all the "balms" and "specifics" that are advertised and give peerless ROYAL PALE BEER a chance. It's a beverage that will immediately enrich your blood, vitalize your energy, buoy your spirits, improve your appetite, stimulate digestion, chase away the demon insomnia, give color to your cheeks, sparkle to your eyes and make life worth the living. No secret about its virtues. All its goodness is derived from the best malt and hops. No glucose, no chemicals, no adulterations, no mystery. One cask has been known to impart elasticity and springiness to the step of the palsied and faltering. It's the tonic that tones and thrills; healthful, wholesome, palatable, invigorating.

ATLANTA
BREWING
AND ICE CO.



ATLANTA
BREWING
AND ICE CO.



ATLANTA
BREWING
AND ICE CO.

THE EARTH PARCHED

Unless We Get Rain Soon the Crops in the South Will Be Ruined.

COTTON DOING VERY WELL

But Fruit and All Other Crops Are Suffering—Raining North and West Yesterday.

The old time question, "Is it hot enough for you?" has ceased to be a joke, in the face of the long continued drought which has been prevalent over the south and for that matter all over the union.

For the farmer it has long since ceased to be a joke and has become a matter of very serious reality. So much so that in the face of the long continued drought which has been prevalent over the south and for that matter all over the union.

The dry weather of the past week has been almost enough to kill the crops, and the weather man says that "if the present dry weather continues for even a few days longer, the outlook will become gloomy indeed." People are accustomed to make fun of the weather man in time when the rain falls is plentiful, and when a shower knocks his prediction of dry weather into a cocked hat, but now, when the land is parching, beneath an unprecedented spell of dry weather, they read what he has to say with deadly interest, and each day pray that he will at least give them a promise of rain.

Reports from all over the country indicate that all kinds of crops are suffering. The fruit crop is already half dried up, and unless a rain comes soon the bright prospect of a few weeks ago will be almost entirely destroyed.

Cotton so far is doing well, and is in good condition. Although damage to almost all other crops, the cotton plant at this stage is thriving on the dry weather, and this is the great saving clause of the situation. Reports of the boll worm and of cotton lice show that these pests are getting in their average amount of damage, but taken altogether the cotton crop is doing well.

Yesterday's weather bulletin shows that not a drop of rain has fallen throughout all the cotton belt of the states east of the Mississippi. In Galveston Tuesday there was a slight precipitation—about .01 percent. But throughout all the rest of the south there was no rain at all and no prospects of rain.

In the northwest there has been a general rainfall, extending from Iowa to New York, and as far as Norfolk. At St. Louis the rainfall was heavy—over an inch and a half. At other points it was light. The fact that there has been a general rainfall in any section, however, is favorable, and it is to be hoped that before another week the backbone of the long dry spell will be broken.

Following is the report issued by the weather department on Tuesday.

on bottom land in several sections. Gardening are withering and pastures are falling rapidly, while last but not least of the evil results of the drought, apple, pear and peach trees are shedding badly.

North Section.

"In the northern counties the weather during the past week has been excessively dry and hot and the crop outlook is less encouraging than several weeks ago. All crops are suffering for rain, but cotton, probably less than others, is being worked over the second time and is generally in a healthy condition, except for bud worms. Owing to the lack of moisture, peaches and apples are falling and it is feared that the yield of the peach crop will be small. Oats are very much in need of rain and unless it comes soon there will probably be a small crop. Wheat is still in fair condition. Garden truck is at a standstill, drooping and parching very badly. Pasture lands drying up.

Central Section.

"The reports received from the central portion of the state are of a very encouraging nature. The weather has been abnormally hot and dry. As a result of the dry weather the farmers are well up with their work, but on the other hand almost all crops are suffering and dying for the want of moisture. Cotton is doing well, but it is not in a very flourishing condition and need rain badly. Watermelon crops still promise well. Also sugar cane. There are plenty of Irish potato vines, but no potatoes. Strawberries are plentiful. Peaches are beginning to fall and are falling from the trees.

Southern Section.

"The weather continues hot and dry and vegetation of all kind is needing rain badly. Farmers have taken advantage of the fair weather and their crops are clean and doing remarkably well, considering the drought. Oats are being harvested and ready for market. Corn is being plowed the third time, looking well, but small. Cotton is all picked and is doing well. Peanuts are doing well. Irish potatoes are a failure and sweet potatoes are suffering for rain. The fruit crop is very discouraging and the prospect is that there will be a small crop. Gardens are poor and suffering badly from the drought."

RAIN DID NOT FALL.

THOUGHT THAT IT WOULD RAIN YESTERDAY, BUT IT DIDN'T.

Weather Man Despairs of Giving Us a Shower in a Long While—What Mr. Hunt Says.

The weather played another trick on Atlanta yesterday and refused to let it rain. The forecast said we would have showers yesterday and today and the rain flag was also unfurled to the breeze from the top of the custom house, but with all these indications the rain refused to come. It has only rained once this month and that was on the 5th. At that time only .04 of an inch fell, which is less than ever fell before in the first twenty days of May.

Georgia's cotton crop is undoubtedly behind the crop elsewhere. In Tennessee and Arkansas the cotton sections have had nice rains and the cotton is doing well. The high pressure of the barometer that has prevailed off the east coast of Florida for some days still exists and prevents us from having rain. The barometer to the north on yesterday was slightly higher, though, which would indicate rain. Forecaster Hunt said yesterday that while the drought continued for so long a

time all signs were apt to fall and that it was hard to see to a certainty what the weather would do. Just what causes that high pressure of the barometer that has all our rain off cannot be told. The cause probably exists in mid-Atlantic ocean, it is that the edge of the high pressure area touches the south of us and as long as that exists we are not apt to have rain.

The barometer having risen, though, to the north of us, distributes the pressure and gives us, as the weather man says, a "rain" hope of showers in this state. The distribution of barometric pressure has at last changed so as to give some faint hope of showers in this state. Since yesterday rains have fallen at the following regular stations: Omaha, Kansas City, St. Smith, Memphis, Nashville, Knoxville, St. Louis, New York, Pittsburgh, Washington, and Norfolk; heavy showers are also reported from cotton region stations in Arkansas, Tennessee and North Carolina.

DISTRICT AVERAGES.				
CENTRAL STATION	Number of Days	Temperature	Barometer	Wind
Atlanta	12	60	35	T
Charleston	15	52	72	00
Galveston	23	50	74	T
Little Rock	5	58	66	00
Memphis	4	58	66	70
Mobile	10	50	70	02
Montgomery	8	50	68	00
Savannah	7	52	70	01
Vicksburg	7	50	72	00
Wilmington	5	52	70	14

The following is the official bulletin for the Atlanta district:

STATION OF ATLANTA	TEMPERATURE		Rainfall (inches)
	Max.	Min.	
Atlanta, partly cloudy	58	63	.00
Birmingham, clear	52	70	.00
Columbus, clear	52	70	.00
Galveston, cloudy	50	60	.00
Greenville, clear	50	60	.00
Griffin, clear	54	74	.00
Macon, clear	56	66	.00
Newark, clear	52	68	.00
Rome, partly cloudy	50	62	.00
Spartanburg, pt. cl.	52	60	.00
Toccoa, clear	52	60	.00
West Point, pt. cl.	52	68	.00

The weather yesterday was generally slightly cooler in the south than it had been for several days.

At nightfall there was a small area extending from Montgomery to Memphis, over which the mercury was still registering 80 degrees or above, but in other parts of the south, except southern Texas, the temperature was ranging between 70 and 75 degrees. An area of high barometric pressure was central near New York city and the temperature at that place was down to 52 degrees, the lowest in the country.

During the day rain fell at points along the Gulf and North Atlantic coasts, Mississippi, Ohio and Missouri rivers, and in Alabama and Georgia. At Omaha, Neb., there was slightly over an inch of rain, but in the south and east the heaviest rains reported were at Tampa, 7.0 at New Orleans and 3.0 at Norfolk.

For Georgia today: Generally fair; slight change in temperature.

Local Report for Yesterday.

Daily mean temperature... 73
Daily normal temperature... 68
Highest temperature... 88
Lowest temperature... 58
Precipitation during 24 hours... .13.06
Deficiency of precipitation... 12.90
GEORGE E. HUNT,
Local Weather Official.

Forecast for Today.

Washington, May 20.—North Carolina—Local showers and partly cloudy; westerly to southerly winds.

South Carolina—Generally fair; probably local thunderstorms in northern portion; southerly winds.

Eastern Florida—Generally fair; southerly winds.

Georgia—Generally fair; southerly winds.

Western Florida—Generally fair; southerly winds.

Alabama—Generally fair; southerly winds.

Louisiana—Generally fair, but conditions are favorable for local thunderstorms; southerly winds.

TO ANNUL THE WILL

Aaron Israel Says His Wife Was Unduly Influenced.

THE NEWS OF THE COURTS

An Ejected Passenger Brings Action for Damages Against the Atlanta Street Railway Company.

An unusual suit is now pending in the superior court, in which a tottering old man is suing his brother-in-law while he is yet alive, rather than have suit entered against his estate after his death.

Aaron Israel, a well known man, who for many years was a peddler, is now an old man, decrepit from age and broken in health. Henry Wolfe is the brother-in-law of Israel and has now in his possession the last will and testament of his sister, who was the wife of Aaron Israel.

And it is on account of this will that a petition has been filed by Mr. Israel through his attorneys, Mayson & Hill, praying that Wolfe be enjoined from probating the will and from taking or sending the paper to another county for record. The petition was presented to Judge Lumpkin yesterday morning, and the injunction was granted as desired.

But behind the court paper is an interesting story. Mr. Israel married the sister of Henry Wolfe forty years ago, but for the last twenty years of her life she was an invalid and suffered up to the day of her death. Last January she died, and a few weeks later her husband received a letter from Mr. Mount, of Fayetteville, Miss., a brother-in-law of Henry Wolfe, saying that he had the will which was made by Mrs. Israel prior to her death, and that the will bestowed considerable property upon himself. Mount said he had sent the will to Wolfe, with whom negotiations could be had.

Mr. Israel claims that Wolfe had a great influence over Mrs. Israel, and would make all kinds of threats to secure money. At one time, so the petition goes, Wolfe told Mrs. Israel that he would cut his throat unless she gave him \$500. In other ways she was enabled to extort money, until Israel says he would give him nothing more, and then the will was secured.

Israel claims the property mentioned in the will is his, and that his wife held no interest in her name and had no right to mortgage, sell or will any of it to any one. The case has been set for a hearing on May 30th, when Judge Lumpkin will probably announce his decision.

Says the Conductor Cursed Him.

Robert Harris says the conductor of the Atlanta Street Railway Company cursed him and told him to take a rear seat, and over a passenger again on his car. Harris says he was a passenger on a Lakewood car last December, and when he asked the conductor to stop the car he was told to jump off, and was cursed because he did not do so. Harris says the conductor threatened to have his revenge if he was ever a passenger again on his car.

Last April, so the petition reads, Harris was on the car with the same conductor, when he was approached and told to take a rear seat. Harris says the car was running twenty miles an hour, and he was afraid to move, as he had been suffering with rheumatism. He claims to have been ejected from the car, but no fare was refunded.

News of the Courts.

Mrs. Dora Moon was granted a total divorce from her husband, F. E. Moon, yesterday morning in the superior court. Mrs. Moon says her husband treated her with disdain, and on many occasions refused to speak to her, and would leave her for days at a time. She was given the first verdict yesterday.

INSURANCE COMPANIES PAYING

Up Losses by Sunday's Fire—One of Our Home Companies the First to Settle.

Fire insurance companies as a rule are as anxious as the assured to reach an agreement for settlement, but after the figures are agreed upon the majority of the companies are slow to pay. The Atlanta Street Railway Company, to Mr. James F. Meekins for \$400, will be confirmed by Judge Lumpkin. The stock was sold some time ago for \$150, but was rejected by the court upon the protests of all attorneys except Messrs. Mitchell. The sale yesterday brought \$300 less than the sale a few weeks ago.

"Atlanta, Ga., May 20, 1896.—Mr. Peyton Douglas, Secretary Manufacturers' Mutual Insurance Company, No. 420 Equitable Building, Atlanta, Ga., Dear Sir: In acknowledgment of receipt of check of Manufacturers' Mutual Insurance Company in full settlement of your proportion of loss and damage to my property insured under policy No. 111, said company, on account of last Sunday night's fire, I wish to express my appreciation of your prompt and satisfactory adjustment and settlement of my loss, your company being the first to pay. Yours very truly,

(Signed) BYRD L. LEWIS.

MOBLEY GIVES HIMSELF UP.

The Young Postal Clerk Surrenders to the Officers.

Yesterday morning Mr. Charles H. Mobley, the young man who misappropriated the rent collected for the postoffice boxes, walked into the office of Commissioner Broyles and gave himself up. Mobley was accompanied by his father and Messrs. J. Henry Smith and W. R. Shropshire, who came to sign his bond. The bond was quickly signed, the amount being \$500, and Mobley was free to go as he chose.

It is stated that the amount of his delinquency will be made good and it is probable that the matter will be settled in that way. Mobley has been in Smyrna ever since his disappearance and his return was not unexpected.

TWENTY-FIVE NATURALIZED.

New Citizens Were Created in Judge Newman's Court.

The mixture of languages in Judge Newman's court yesterday morning was something unusual. Twenty-five new citizens of the United States were naturalized. Russians, Germans, Roumanians and Austrians to the number of twenty-five took the oath of allegiance and are now citizens of the United States. They were represented by Mr. Leon Eplan.

Bolls and lemons are due to impure blood. Remove them by making the blood pure with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Half Rates to Pittsburg.

The Southern railway will on May 24th, 25th and 26th sell round trip tickets to Pittsburg, Pa., on account of the national prohibition convention. These tickets will be good returning until May 30th. Rates via Washington \$2.50 and via Cincinnati \$2.00.

Apply Southern railway ticket office, Kimball house corner, May 20 21 22 23

NO HUMOR FOR HIM.

The Traveler Had Little Confidence in the Tales of Funny Men.

The train boy was passing along with a stack of comic literature. The kind-faced gentleman looked interested and the boy stopped, says The Detroit Free Press. "Haven't you anything except funny literature?" he asked. "Not this trip," was the answer. "Don't you like to laugh?" "Very much, indeed. But I'm afraid my mind is of too practical a turn to develop what you might call a delicate responsiveness of humor."

"You want facts?" "I'm afraid so. When I was a young man and went courting the young lady never ordered more dinner than I could pay for; neither did she use the palpalis subterfuges to get me into the vicinity of an ice cream parlor. Although I was not enjoying a large income, her father never threatened to kick me down the front doorstep, nor did he keep a bull dog where he would be likely to bite me. My sweetheart was a most sensible lady, whose presence in our household has always been a joy, and never in my life have I been obliged to get up in the night and walk the floor with a crying baby. These circumstances have had a tendency to make me distrust the accuracy of humorists, thereby, no doubt, materially lessening my appreciation of their efforts."

The train boy looked at him pityingly and said: "No. There ain't no use o' you're trying to laugh. Wait till we get to the next station and I'll get you a dictionary and a pocket encyclopedia."

Looks Like a Bond Issue.

From The Columbus, Ga., Ledger.

The raid upon the gold reserve of the United States treasury appears to have been again begun. The money brokers are shipping the gold out again in million dollar lots. The reserve is getting down toward the hundred million mark, and it is stated that the clamor for another bond issue is being heard.

Possibly if the powers that be do not proceed with alacrity to prepare for a bond issue, a raid upon the treasury will begin in earnest, and the goldbugs will again tremble and feel awed at the awful possibility that England may become a little miffed.

It is not only possible, but probable that another lot of bonds will be issued before many days.

The people who make a few millions out of such occurrences are anxious for more bonds, and, as in the past, what reason the country is and has been wondering—the president and secretary of the treasury are expected to accede to their wishes.

Thus are interest-bearing debts of millions fastened upon the backs of the people.

In a time of peace and of plenty, the issuing of bonds continues. A few men make millions and the people will have all the bills to pay.

Bonds are issued while silver bullion lies in the vaults of the treasury. The officials are aware of their action that "gold" means "gold."

And so it goes. The obligations are piled higher and higher on the backs of the people.

When the people protest against such a system of finance that allows these conditions exist they are told "Don't talk so; you will frighten capital and hurt business."

All the time the system is grinding and pinching them, but when they object, they hear the old refrain of: "Hush, hush, the bogie man will get you!" But the people have determined to assert their rights and protect their interests, and their expressions at the ballot box in the coming elections will be positive and unequivocal.

Special Sale.

Trunks, Traveling Bags, Etc.

As we are now making a large number of new styles of Roller Tray Trunks, Traveling Bags, etc., we offer below cost many of the old styles.

Will sell 36-inch Flat Top, canvas covered, iron bottom, steel clamps, good lock and bolt, for \$2 50

\$5.00 was the old price. Other goods at the same reduction. Fine line of new styles at specially low prices for cash.

H.W. Rountree & Bro., TRUNK AND BAG CO., 77 WHITEHALL STREET.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, April 8, 1896. Charlotte L. Peck, administratrix of William F. Peck, represents that she has fully discharged the duties of her said trust and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in July next why said administratrix should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

aprs 2m thur

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W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

aprs 2m thur

NATIONAL SURGICAL INSTITUTE.

Atlanta, Ga. Established 1874. Treats Club Feet, Diseases of the Spine, Rheumatism, Etc., Etc., Etc. Private Diseases, Herpes, Rheumatism, Ulcers, etc., etc. Send for Illustrated Circular.

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WEDDING PRESENTS.

In Cut Glass,
Solid Silver and
Eany Goods.

We send goods on selection.
Write us before you buy.

We also engrave Wedding
Invitations and Visiting
Cards.

SEND FOR OUR SAMPLES

J. P. STEVENS & BRO.

47 Whitehall St.

money
silver
gold

any sort—except counterfeit—we'll
exchange good whisky for good money—that's
fair—good whisky promotes health—
hundreds of barrels of health in our
store—won't you have some?—nothing im-
pure here—we fight adulterated stuff—the
other fellows imitate our brands—you know
why!

bluthenthal "b.b.b."

& bickart

marietta and forsyth streets.
hello! no. 378.
Imperial cocktails—the best.

and Whiskey Habits
cured at home with
out pain. Book of pa-
tients sent FREE.
B.M. WOOLLEY, M.D.
Atlanta, Ga. 100 Whitehall St.

TRADE MARK
A NEW
COLLAR

Hermitage Heights
PASTURAGE

NEAR GRANT PARK. 4 in each pas-
ture. Fine grass—rates reasonable.

F. W. BENTEN, JR.
FLY SCREENS

MANUFACTURED BY
WILLINGHAM & CO.

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings,
Stair Work, Every Glass of
Hard Wood, Yellow and
White Pine Finish
Mantels.

In fact, we manufacture every article
that appertains to the
Building of a House.

We have the Best Equipped Fac-
tory in the South, with New and
IMPROVED MACHINERY.

Send us your bills for estimate be-
fore placing your order.

WILLINGHAM & CO.
Telephone 389, Office No. 1 North Forsyth
Street, Factory 64 to 64 Elliott St.

CHARLES W. CRANKSHAW
AGENT FOR
FAIRCHILD'S
Celebrated Fountain Pens.

New supply just received. Call and see them

Philadelphia Dental
PARLORS,
36 Whitehall St.

The largest and most magnificently equip-
ped dental office in the country. All work
first-class and fully warranted.

Teeth Extracted Positively Without Pain

by the use of vitalized air made fresh at
the office every day.
Teeth extracted painlessly 50 cents.
A. McKECHNIE, D. D. S., L. D. S.,
april 17

PROGRAMME.
Lakewood Park.

Wednesday night, prize dance, new and
novel.

Thursday night, illumination of grounds
and grand promenade with music.

Friday night, grand ball and boat races.
Saturday, picnics, outing parties.
Sunday, baseball ground.

MARKHAM HOUSE
Barber Shop
A move across the street is thor-
oughly equipped in the corner recently oc-
cupied by the Gridiron restaurant. Wall
a Lloyd street. Will be glad to serve my regular pa-
trons and the public.
ALONZO F. HERNDON,
Proprietor.

SAID HE WAS RICH

Love Letter of Landrum to the Pretty
Operator.

WANTED TO MARRY RIGHT OFF

Full Story of the Episode in Which
the Atlanta Man Figured in
Washington City.

Edgar L. Landrum, the Atlanta man,
seems to have created no end of a lively
row in Washington. After writing the let-
ter to Miss Duval, the pretty telegraph
operator at the Ebbitt, he seems to have
made a fuss at several hotels, and a tele-
gram from Washington says that he was
put out of four hotels Wednesday.

The first evidence that Landrum was off
mentally was given in his letter to Miss
Duval. He wrote:

"Washington, D. C., May 16, 1896.—Miss
Duval—My Darling Sweetheart: Do you
believe in love at first sight? If so, won't
you be my sweet little wife? I arrived in
this city this morning and found you at the
Ebbitt house. I have been lingering around
all day in the hope of getting to speak to
you. Have just returned from dinner and
found you gone. I am miserable without
you, and would follow you to the ends of the
world. I am stopping at the Shoreham,
and if you can reciprocate the feeling, I
will engage the hotel and wait for you.

"I am rich and we will have every-
thing that heart can wish. It breaks my
heart to see you at work or anywhere else
but at home with me."

"Address me at the Shoreham."

The letter was handed Saturday evening
to Miss Rena Duval, an estimable young
lady twenty-five years old, who lives with
her brother and widowed mother on F
street, near Twenty-second. It was de-
livered by a neatly dressed man of busi-
ness appearance, about thirty years of age,
who called at the Duval residence soon
after twilight.

Mrs. Duval received him at the door. He
inquired with chivalric grace if he might
be permitted to see Miss Duval. His gen-
tlemanly bearing and business attire led
Mrs. Duval at once to conclude that he
was connected perhaps with the Postal
Telegraph Company, in whose service Miss
Duval is employed as operator at the Ebbitt
house. Of course, she readily admitted him
to the parlor, but informed him that
Miss Duval had stepped across the street
to call on a neighbor. He replied that he
desired very much to see her without de-
lay, and he said it with such Chesterfield-
ian suavity that Mrs. Duval immediately
obliged him by sending for her daughter.

As Miss Duval entered the parlor Mrs.
Duval retired. With a profuse apology for
interrupting her visit, the man gave her
an unsolicited letter, the envelope bearing
the stamp of the Ebbitt house, and ad-
dressed to "Miss Duval, at home."

"Miss Duval, my friend," then passed it to
her mother and slipped out of the room to
acquaint her brother with the situa-
tion. Mr. Duval went into the parlor un-
der the impression that the caller must be
an officer, however, he was not. The man
persuaded the man, as gently as they could
that it would be best for him not to press
his suit too impetuously. So he retired good-
naturedly.

At 5 o'clock Sunday morning Mr. Duval
answered the door bell, and there stood the
same stranger who had come for his daughter's
affections the evening before.

"I wish to see Miss Duval," was his first
greeting. "I have a carriage here in wait-
ing for her."

The actions of the fellow were so strange
and the hour so unusual for such a request
that Mr. Duval made up his mind that the
man must be crazy. He refused admittance to
the "first sight" lover and induced him to
call later, and call later, his object being to
have the police arrest the stranger for insanity.

Landrum registered at the Shoreham
Saturday forenoon. He had no baggage,
but paid in advance, and no questions were
asked.

WAS FINED \$50.

Pawnbroker Wright Tried on a Se-
rious Offense Yesterday.

James Wright, who runs a pawn shop
near the corner of Marietta and Forsyth
streets, was arraigned in the recorder's
court yesterday afternoon, and was fined
\$50 by Judge Calhoun for a very serious
offense.

There is a law which requires the pawn
brokers to make a daily report to the of-
ficials of all goods purchased. The day af-
ter the fire Wright bought about \$150 worth
of silver that was stolen from a house on
Collins street during the progress of the
flames. The broker sent in his report as
usual, which said nothing about the silver-
ware.

It appears that this is not the first offense
of this kind that Wright has committed,
and the offense is regarded as quite a
serious one.

BYRD HOOPER STILL HERE.

Will Be Taken to the State Asylum
Friday Morning.

Byrd Hooper, the unfortunate young
man who occupies the lunatics' cell at the
county jail, will probably leave for the
state asylum Friday morning. The papers
speculate that he will be taken to the
county jail, and he will leave as soon as all arrangements
have been perfected.

Hooper appears to grow no better and
seems completely demented. He absolutely
refuses to wear any clothes, and has
bruised himself considerably against the
iron bars of the cage, which has never
been padded.

HIS REPORT SUSTAINED.

Special Master's Case in the United
States Court Ended Yesterday.

The case of Andrew J. Robinson against
the Piedmont Marble Company came to an
end yesterday in the United States court.
The case was heard by Special Master Per-
cy H. Adams, who awarded the complain-
ant \$132,871.88. Exceptions were filed to his
report and the case went to Judge New-
man who sustained Mr. Adams in his op-
inion delivered yesterday in every particular.

The case was quite an important one,
the amount involved being large. It took
Mr. Adams over five months to hear the
case. Branch A. A. Wright were at-
torneys for complainants.

Crazy Man Released.

Taylor Floyd, the old negro man who
has been confined in the county jail since
March on the charge of lunacy, was re-
leased yesterday morning. He has been
adjudged entirely cured of his malady and
was released on an order from Ordinary
Calhoun.

Children Cry for
Pitcher's Castoria.
Children Cry for
Pitcher's Castoria.
Children Cry for
Pitcher's Castoria.

WILL GO TO VIRGINIA.

GEORGIA CONFEDERATE VETER-
ANS TO ATTEND THE REUNION.

A Large Number from Atlanta Will
Go to the Big Gathering—General
Evans's Order.

Georgia and Atlanta will be well repre-
sented at the confederate reunion at Rich-
mond, Va. A large number of ex-confeder-
ates have announced their intention to go
to the reunion, and the special train that
will go out from Atlanta will be a large
one and will be crowded.

Following is a copy of an order that has
just been issued by General Clement A.
Evans and Colonel A. J. West:

"Headquarters Georgia Division United
Confederate Veterans' Association, Atlanta,
Ga., May 21, 1896.—General Order No. 4. 1.
The preparations for the convention of the
United Confederate Veterans, and for the
reunion of confederate soldiers at Rich-
mond June 30th, July 1st and 2nd, indicate
that it will be the most important occasion
of its kind since the close of the war. Thou-
sands of soldiers with their families will
be present to renew the comradeship for-
med during the confederate era. The general
commanding requests the immediate atten-
tion of all camps and associations in Geor-
gia to this opportunity to visit the famous
capital of the confederacy.

"2. Election or appointment of delegates
should be made at once by each camp.
Reports of the names of delegates and also
of the number of members and roster of
officers in each camp must be made by its
adjutant on the first of June. Each dele-
gation on arrival at Richmond will re-
port the names of its delegation at the
headquarters of the Georgia division. Each
confederate camp and association in Geor-
gia is invited to attend this reunion in full
force.

"3. A meeting of confederate soldiers is
called in each county in this state at the
county seat on the first Tuesday in June
next to make arrangements for attending
the reunion. In each county, where no
camp exists, the commanding general urges
his comrades to organize a camp, elect ad-
joints to Richmond and apply for admis-
sion in the United Confederate Veterans.

"4. The following list of rendezvous
for delegates en route to Richmond are
respectively suggested: Macon, Colum-
bia, Savannah, Augusta, Athens, and At-
lanta. The camps at these points will ap-
point committees to receive delegates. Every
camp or association having an old battle
flag should have it borne to Rich-
mond.

"5. The general commanding earnestly
urges prompt action in the preparation
for a large representation from Georgia.
By order of the Major General Commanding.
"A. J. WEST, Chief of Staff."

WHERE SHALL WE SPEND THE
SUMMER?

Lookout Inn, Lookout Mountain, Tenn.,
the Palace Hotel of the South.

Offers inducements superior to any other
resort in the south. Here the atmosphere
is always cool and clear. The nights are
perfect. The scenery is absolutely un-
surpassed. The hotel is the finest in the
world, so pronounced by the historian En-
glish and a host of others. Lookout
Inn is a beautiful structure, built of
the famous old red sandstone, and
wood, finished in the interior throughout
in the best known artists of the country
at enormous expense. The water used on
the tables is from the celebrated Leonora
Spring, the purest in the world. This his-
tory is a rare and valuable "Special"
rates for May and June.

Add twenty drops of Dr. Siegel's An-
gostura Bitters to every glass of impure
water you drink.

HIS ARE FITS.

In This Way a Man Is Gaining a
Reputation.

Mr. Henry B. Eiston, the tailor, No. 3
East Alabama street, is continuing his
sale of domestic and imported goods at un-
usually low prices. Notwithstanding that
he has sold more suits this spring than
any other establishment in this particular
line, he has yet on hand one of the largest
stocks of choice fabrics to be found in
Atlanta. Mr. Eiston announces that he
will continue his 50 per cent reduction sale
throughout this week.

In point of perfect fit and general make-
up you cannot find anything superior to
the garments he is turning out and certain
it is that you'll save money by purchasing
of him.

New York World, Only One Cent

Cut prices on all New York papers.
Sunday Herald, World, New York
Sunday papers at 5 cents each.
Stocks and bonds for sale and office
stationery at JOHN M. MILLER'S,
23 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga.

Free! Free! Free!

Lobster salad served free this week with
Royal Lobster Dressing. "How to Make
Salad" free; everybody invited.
ROGERS, 106 Whitehall.

PRECIOUS METALS.

The great mining camps of Cripple
Creek, Col. and Mercur, Utah, as well
as those of Idaho and Montana, are best
reached via the

Union Pacific.

The fast time and through car service
on "The Overland Route" are features
appreciated by all. For information re-
garding the above camps address:

J. F. AGLAR, General Agent,
may 17—e o d 20t St. Louis, Mo.

PERSONAL.

C. J. Daniel, wall paper, window shades,
furniture and room molding, 40 Marietta
street. Send for samples.

Dr. Wilson, dentist, the Grand.

Excellent in every regard are the beers
of the celebrated Cincinnati Lion Brewery,
as shown by the fact that they received
highest award at the Cotton States and
International exposition. Jerry Towns,
agent keg beer; Aug. Fresh, agent bottled
beer.

Office Stationery,
BOOKS, NEWSPAPERS AND PERIODI-
cals, all at cut prices, at John M. Miller's,
23 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga.

Rent an Electrophone.

gram & DuBois, 25 Electric building,
corner Marietta and Broad streets, are now
renting the Electrophone two months for
\$5. Call on them for all particulars.

Is GOOD ENOUGH FOR ME—Daily New
York World for 1 cent at all news-stands.
JOHN M. MILLER'S,
23 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga.

MEETINGS.

Masonic Notice.

A regular communication of Ful-
ton lodge, No. 216, F. and A. M.,
will be held this (Thursday) eve-
ning, May 21st, at 8 o'clock in Ma-
sonic hall, chamber of commerce
building. Work in E. A. and M. M. de-
grees. Visiting brethren cordially invited
to attend. FRANK WILDER, W. M.
A. HOLCOMBE, Secretary.

The young man
who has \$25 for a
spring suit can come
here and get for \$12
a snappy, stylish
suit, and have
money left for a
double-breasted
serge coat and duck
trousers for the sea
shore. We're a line
of \$12 suits that
never ought to be
sold under \$18. Their
equal nowhere at \$12

When it comes to getting the full money's
worth for every dollar, woman demonstrates

her infinite superiority. Most men would be better clothed for less

money if mothers and wives were consulted. Most women are

enthusiastic over EADS-NEEL CO.'S CLOTHING. They can

properly appreciate the painstaking care so apparent in every gar-
ment. Fine, even stitching; good, honest cloth; perfect style; per-
fect fit; reasonable prices—all these things appeal to an intelligent

woman's sense of economy.

Eads-Neel Co.

Sick People

MUST HAVE PROPER NOURISHMENT TO

Get Well.

We make a specialty of Health Foods, viz:

Granase, Granola Cereal, Oatmeal and Graham Wafers,
Zweiback and Beater Biscuits from Battle Creek Sanitarium; Farwell
and Phine's scientifically prepared Flours for Diabetes, Dyspepsia and
Bright's Disease; Scumacher's white and amber Graham Flours,
Parfaded Farinase an Cereals, Franklin Mills' fine Flour of Entire
Wheat, Shredded Whole Wheat Biscuit, Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

THE C. J. KAMPER GROCERY COMPANY,

390 and 392 Peachtree Street.

YE ARE HEADQUARTERS FOR

GENERAL MILK SUPPLIES.

THE CROWN & KING'S SUPPLY CO.

REBILTING,
HOSE, PACKING,
PIPE COVERING,
SHAPING, HANGERS,
COUPLINGS,
ETC.

GET YOUR ...

BLANK BOOKS, LEDGERS.

Journals, Cash Books,
Binding.

ELECTROTYPE

Etc., Etc., of

The Franklin Printing and Publishing Company.

Geo. W. HARRISON, Manager, (State Printer.)

ATLANTA, GA.

Consult them before placing your orders.

THE KEELEY INSTITUTE

ATLANTA, GA.

FOR THE CURE OF LIQUOR, OPIUM, MORPHINE, COCAINE, TOBACCO AND CIGARETTE HABITS.

Adopted by the United States Government. For information address Keeley Institute, Atlanta, Ga.

New Sanitarium corner Jackson and Pine Sts.

25% STEAMER TRUNKS 25%

Patent Automatic Revolving Tray.

For next 30 days a special cut of

25 per cent on all Steamer Trunks,

Brass Bound, Sole Leather Bound or

Steel Bound. Special low prices on

all goods. Only complete line in the

city. Call and be convinced.

L. LIEBERMAN,

92 and 94 Whitehall St.

COLUMBIA RIDING ACADEMY!

AT GATE CITY GUARD ARMORY

Under supervision of expert instructors.

Ladies' class every morning from 9 to 1

o'clock.

Gentlemen alone every evening, except

Tuesday and Friday, from 8 to 10 p. m.

Copeland & Bishop, M'g's.

2 Equitable Building.

TELEPHONE 1206.

MERCHANTS, TESTIFY TO the merits of our Cloth-

ing, We have the kind to suit

every size, every shape, every

purse.

Suits, Straw Hats, Negligee Attire

of every description for the hot

weather.

THE RELIABLE KIND ONLY!

HIRSCH BROS., 44 Whitehall Street.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR STATE SENATOR.

I hereby announce myself a candidate
for state senator from the fifth sen-
atorial district, subject to the democratic
primary to be held on June 6th.

FOR SHERIFF.

Editor Constitution—I hereby announce
myself as a candidate for sheriff of
Fulton county, subject to the action of the
democratic primary to be held June 6,
1896. The names of the following gentle-
men on my ticket as my deputies: Walter
J. Dean, J. J. Jordan, George W. Moxley.
If I deem it necessary, may add one or two
more, as I am in the race to win.

JOHN W. NEAL, deputy, A. J. Shropshire,
L. P. Thomas, Jess Tye, Eugene
Hagopian, Clark Tolbert, W. C. Chastain,
J. J. Dean, C. G. Trimble, W. C. Maddox.
Subject to primary June 6th.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate
for the office of commissioner of roads
subject to the democratic primary, to take
place June 6th.

JOHN M. SLATON.

I announce myself a candidate for mem-
ber of the house of representatives from
Fulton county, subject to the action of the
democratic primary, to be held on June 6th.

JOHN M. SLATON.

I am a candidate for representative from
Fulton county in the next general assem-
bly, subject to the action of the primary
to be held June 6, 1896.

CLARENCE KNOWLES.

I am a candidate to represent Fulton
county in the next general assembly, sub-
ject to the action of the primary to be
held June 6, 1896.

W. H. PATTERSON.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

I respectfully announce myself a candi-
date for the office of commissioner of roads
and revenues of Fulton county, subject to
the action of the democratic primary, on
June 6, 1896.

JOSEPH THOMPSON.

I respectfully announce myself as a candi-
date for the office of county commissioner
of Fulton county, subject to the action of
the primary June 6th.

E. B. ROSSER.

I hereby respectfully announce to the
voters of Fulton county that I am a candi-
date for commissioner of roads and
revenues of Fulton county, subject to the
action of the primary on June 6, 18